## NASUWT

The Teachers' Union

Teacher Wellbeing Survey - 2022


KEY FINDINGS: WELLBEING AT WORK SURVEY (DEC '21-JAN '22)
The NASUWT Wellbeing at Work Survey 2021 ran from mid-December 2021 to early January 2022. The survey was communicated to NASUWT members via email and 11,857 teachers responded.

## PERSONAL EXPERIENCE OF WELLBEING ISSUES

This section focused on teachers' experiences of wellbeing issues, with a secondary focus on how the pandemic has affected these. A key revelation worth noting is that even with the impact on work-life balance that the pandemic has had, workload is still the main factor that has been responsible for creating work-related stress for teachers:

- $90 \%$ of teachers have experienced more work-related stress in the last 12 months;
- $91 \%$ report that their job has adversely affected their mental health in the last 12 months;
- 64\% report that their job has adversely affected their physical health in the last 12 months;
- $52 \%$ say that workload has been the main factor for increased work-related stress, followed by the consequences of the pandemic (34\%), and worries about pupil behaviour (24\%), pupil wellbeing (24\%), pupil academic performance (22\%) and finances (11\%);
- $72 \%$ say that organising remote learning has been the major pandemic contributor to adverse mental health.


We asked teachers what impact stress was having on their lives. Key findings include:

- $87 \%$ have experienced an increase in anxiousness;
- $82 \%$ have suffered loss of sleep;
- $28 \%$ have increased their use of alcohol;
- $10 \%$ have had a relationship breakdown;
- $7 \%$ have increased their use of prescription drugs;
- 3\% have self-harmed.



## SCHOOL RESPONSE TO WELLBEING ISSUES

Teachers were asked about how they felt their school responded to issues around wellbeing and mental health. The results are concerning:

- $78 \%$ of teachers say that their school does not provide staff with workspaces that promote wellbeing;
- $66 \%$ say that their school does not have measures in place to monitor and manage stress and burnout;
- $66 \%$ say that their school/college does not have a school-based counsellor who is accessible to both staff and students/pupils;
- $63 \%$ say that their school does not provide staff with a safe and comfortable space to take time out and debrief outside the classroom environment;
- $53 \%$ disagree/strongly disagree that their school prioritises staff mental health - only $22 \%$ agree/strongly agree;
- $50 \%$ say that their school does not provide flexible working opportunities;
- $48 \%$ say that their school does not have staff wellbeing/mental health training in place;
- $47 \%$ disagree/strongly disagree that their school works with the NASUWT and other trade unions to promote staff wellbeing - only $13 \%$ agree/strongly agree;
- $42 \%$ disagree/strongly disagree that their school is committed to tackling mental health stigmas - only $27 \%$ agree/strongly agree;
- $37 \%$ say that their school does not carry out an annual wellbeing survey, with $39 \%$ saying it does and $23 \%$ unsure.



## THE TEACHING PROFESSION AND WELLBEING

Teachers and headteachers are very clear about the national education contexts within which they work and how they view teacher wellbeing issues. Very few teachers view national support for the wellbeing of the profession as positive, whilst school-level issues were also highlighted as of concern:

- $81 \%$ disagree/strongly disagree that government policies support schools to respond to mental health and wellbeing issues that affect teachers, with only 4\% agreeing/strongly agreeing;
- $57 \%$ disagree/strongly disagree that their school/college gives the same consideration and support to mental health as physical health, including in the management of staff absence;
- $53 \%$ disagree/strongly disagree that government policies are focused on tackling the stigma around mental health, with only $12 \%$ agreeing/strongly agreeing;
- almost half of teachers (47\%) responding strongly disagreed with the statement 'My country's inspectorate regime takes teacher mental health and wellbeing into account when assessing schools', with a further 29\% disagreeing, and only $2 \%$ agreeing or strongly agreeing.


## COVID IMPACT

We asked teachers and headteachers about their experience of COVID and Long COVID, and how their school supported them if they had tested positive for the illness:

- $47 \%$ of teachers responding reported that they had/suspected they had COVID19 at some point during the pandemic;
- $18 \%$ said they were currently suffering from Long COVID;
- of those who said they had been suffering from Long COVID, 35\% said they had declared this to their employer, whilst 63\% said they had not;
- of teachers who had declared they were suffering from Long COVID, $27 \%$ said their employer had been supportive, and $29 \%$ said they had not been supportive;
- of teachers who had not declared they were suffering from Long COVID - 63\% said they did not see the point in doing so, $36 \%$ did not want to be labelled as suffering, $33 \%$ were concerned about future prospects, and $31 \%$ were concerned about punitive action from their employer - only $16 \%$ said that their symptoms did not impact upon their work.

Have you had, or have you suspected you have had COVID-19?


## DEMOGRAPHIC SUMMARY

The survey was completed by 11,857 teacher and headteacher members of the NASUWT.

- 82\% of respondents were from England, 3\% from Scotland, 8\% from Northern Ireland, $6 \%$ from Wales, and 1\% from Crown Dependencies.
- $33 \%$ were primary phase teachers, $57 \%$ were secondary phase teachers, $6 \%$ were from special education, and 2\% were sixth-form college/further education teachers.
- $76 \%$ of respondents were women.
- 92\% identified as White, 2\% as Asian/Asian British, 1\% as Black, and 1\% as Mixed Ethnic Group.


## CONCLUSION

These survey results highlight the fact that there are significant issues affecting the health and wellbeing of teachers and headteachers across the education system as a whole. Whilst individual workplaces can and should identify actions they can take to assess and mitigate the mental and physical stress and anxiety linked to work, the nature of our findings highlights the need for system-wide solutions to be found.

This research indicates that teachers and headteachers are experiencing increased mental health and wellbeing issues as each year passes, and the impacts are becoming noticeably more challenging. What is also clear is that teachers have little confidence that their employer is able to provide effective support in the face of this growing problem. Concerted action from the Government and relevant bodies is needed in order to better support schools to tackle a problem which continues to impact on the morale of teachers and headteachers.

The NASUWT will be using the findings of this research to press governments and administrations to take appropriate action to safeguard the future of the teaching profession.

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